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In re Application of:

WAYNE A. BORDER ERKKI I. RUOSLAHTI

Serial No.: 07/416,656

Filed: October 3, 1989

INHIBITING TRANSFORMING

GROWTH FACTOR B TO PREVENT

ACCUMULATION OF EXTRACELLULAR)

MATRIX

Honorable Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

PECENTED PATENTS

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Group Art Unit:

Examiner: S. Ziska

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marks, Washington, D.C. 20231, on

resa U. Theresa A. Brown, Reg. No. 32,547

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INFORMATION DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

Sir:

In accordance with 37.C.F.R. § 1.97, enclosed are references relating to the above-identified application, which is a continuation-in-part of U.S. Serial No. 07/415,081, filed September 29, 1989. For the convenience of the Examiner, these references are listed on the attached Form PTO-1449 and a copy of each is enclosed herewith. Also attached is a copy of the Search Report issued in the related PCT Application No. PCT/US90/05566.

The present application is directed to a method treating pathologies characterized by an accumulation of extracellular matrix components by suppressing the activity of The claimed invention is also useful for diagnosing such pathologies by determining the level of TGFB in the tissues.

The provided references are relevant for the general disclosure of TGFB, as it relates to extracellular matrix

2 proteins. However, these references, whether considered individually or in combination, neither anticipate nor render obvious the claimed invention. WO 88/03151 was cited in the Search Report of the PCT application related to the present application. Page 31, line 15 through page 32, line 8 was specifically cited as the relevant portion of this document. The reference, however, is directed to polypeptides that selectively inhibit or promote thrombinmediated mitogenesis and not the control of TGFB activity. Ignotz and Massague (1986) report that TGFB increases the expression of fibronectin and collagen in various cells in culture, and the incorporation of fibronectin and collagen into the extracellular matrix. Ignotz and Massague further report that the anchorage-independent growth of fibroblasts by TGFB can be mimicked with fibronectin and can be blocked by inhibitors of fibronectin binding to the fibronectin receptor. Roberts et al. (1986) report that injection of TGFB, but not EGF or PDGF, into newborn mice induces angiogenesis and collagen formation. The induction of collagen formation in response to TGFB can be inhibited by antibodies specific for TGFB. Bassols and Massague (1988) describe the induction of proteoglycan gene expression by TGFB. Bassols and Massague

further report that TGFB controls chain elongation and termination during biosynthesis of proteoglycans.

Border et al. (1988) describe the induction of proteoglycans in mesangial cells in response to TGFB, suggesting TGFB may have a role in the production of glomerulonephritis.

Flanders et al. (1988) describe antibodies reactive for TGFB and the use of the antibodies, for example, to detect the presence of TGFB in a sample or to block the binding of TGFB to the TGFB receptor.

MacKay et al. (1989) report the presence of TGFB receptors on glomerular epithelial, endothelial and mesangial cells. MacKay et al. describe effect of TGFB on the proliferation of glomerular cells in cell culture and on the production of collagen and fibronectin by glomerular cells.

Connor et al. (1989) report that the degree of intraocular fibrosis following retinal surgery is correlated to the level of TGFB. The activity was primarily due to TGFB2, although some activity was also due to TGFB1.

Chen et al. (1987) describe the stimulatory effect of TGF-B on the synthesis of at least two types of chondroitin sulfate proteoglycans in nonproliferating human arterial smooth muscle cells in culture. The authors also report that TGF-B neither significantly stimulated proliferation of quiescent smooth muscle cells nor inhibited proliferating cells. TGF-B was found not to have a comparable stimulating effect on endothelial cell proteoglycan synthesis as it did on arterial cells.

It is respectfully requested that these references be considered in the examination of this application and that their consideration be made of written record in the application file.

Respectfully submitted,

119/92

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